

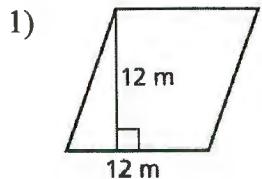
Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Answers**

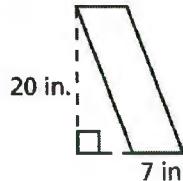
Date \_\_\_\_\_

**Geometry – Area of Polygons**

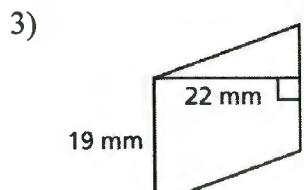
Find the area of each polygon. Show all necessary work.



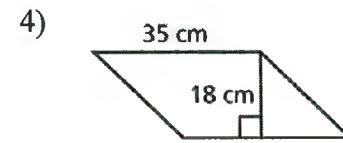
$$\begin{aligned} A &= bh \\ &= 12 \times 12 \\ &= 144 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$



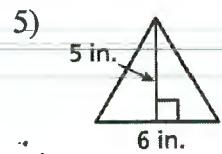
$$\begin{aligned} A &= bh \\ &= 7 \times 20 \\ &= 140 \text{ in.}^2 \end{aligned}$$



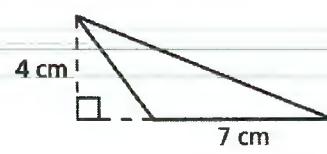
$$\begin{aligned} A &= bh \\ &= 19 \times 22 \\ &= 418 \text{ mm}^2 \end{aligned}$$



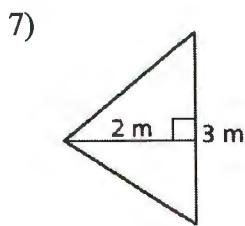
$$\begin{aligned} A &= bh \\ &= 35 \times 18 \\ &= 630 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$



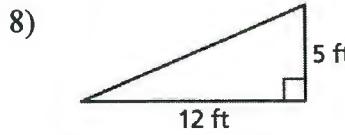
$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2}bh \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 30 \\ &= 15 \text{ in.}^2 \end{aligned}$$



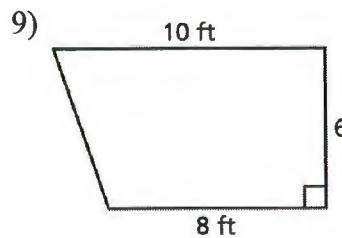
$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2}bh \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 7 \cdot 4 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 28 \\ &= 14 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$



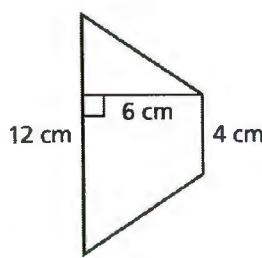
$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2}bh \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 6 \\ &= 3 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2}bh \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 12 \cdot 5 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 60 \\ &= 30 \text{ ft}^2 \end{aligned}$$



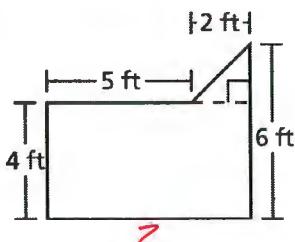
$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(10 + 8)6 \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(18)6 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 108 \\ &= 54 \text{ ft}^2 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(4 + 12)6 \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(16)6 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 96 \\ &= \cancel{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \cancel{96} \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Find the area of the figure. Show all work.

11)



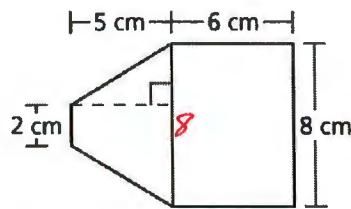
$$\begin{aligned} A &= bh \\ &= 7 \times 4 \\ &= 28 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2}bh \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Total Area} = 28 + 2$$

$$[= 30 \text{ ft}^2]$$

12)



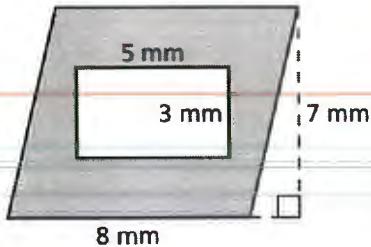
$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2}(b_1+b_2)h \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(2+8)5 \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(10)5 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 50 \\ &= 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= bh \\ &= 8 \times 6 \\ &= 48 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Area} &= 25 + 48 \\ [= 73 \text{ cm}^2] \end{aligned}$$

Find the area of the shaded region.

13)



$$\begin{aligned} A &= bh \\ &= 8 \times 7 \\ &= 56 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= bh \\ &= 5 \times 3 \\ &= 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{shaded region} = 56 - 15$$

$$[= 41 \text{ mm}^2]$$

Complete the following.

- 14) The area of a parallelogram is  $54 \text{ m}^2$ . What is the measure of its base if the height of it is 6 m.

$$\begin{aligned} A &= bh \\ \frac{54}{6} &= b \cdot 6 \\ b &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$[9 \text{ m} = b]$$

- 15) The area of a triangle is  $54 \text{ m}^2$ . What is the measure of its base if the height of it is 6 m.

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{1}{2}bh \\ 54 &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot b \cdot 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{54}{3} = \frac{3b}{3}$$

$$[18 \text{ m}^2 = b]$$

- 16) The area of a trapezoid is  $126 \text{ m}^2$ . What is the measure of its height if the measures of its bases are 6m and 12 m.

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h$$

$$126 = \frac{1}{2}(6 + 12)h$$

$$126 = \frac{1}{2}(18)h$$

$$\frac{126}{9} = \frac{9h}{9}$$

$$\boxed{14 \text{ m} = h}$$

- 17) The area of a trapezoid is  $9 \text{ m}^2$  and its height is 3 m. If one of the bases has a measure of 2 m, what is the measure of the other base?

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h$$

~~$$9 = \frac{1}{2}(2 + b_2)3$$~~

~~$$9 = \frac{1}{2}(2 + b_2)3 \cdot 2$$~~

~~$$\frac{18}{3} = \frac{(2 + b_2)3}{3}$$~~

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 6 & = & 2 + b_2 \\ -2 & & -2 \end{array}$$

$$4 = b_2 \quad \boxed{4 \text{ m}}$$