

9.4

Choosing a Data Display (Part 2)

A **box-and-whisker** plot displays data along a number line. Quartiles are used to divide the data into four equal parts. Each quartile is 25% of the number of items. The upper and lower quartiles, representing 50% of the data, form the box. The upper extreme (highest value) and lower extreme (lowest value) form the whiskers.

This box-and-whisker plot represents the following data:

12, 13, 14, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 19, 21

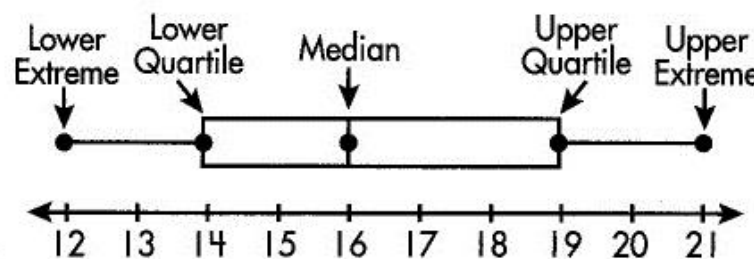
Upper Extreme: 21

Lower Extreme: 12

Middle Quartile (median): 16

Upper Quartile (median of upper half): 19

Lower Quartile (median of lower half): 14



Use the box-and-whisker plots below to answer the following questions.

1. What is the median number of miles walked? _____

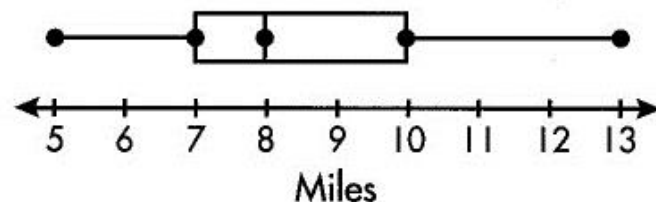
2. What are the lowest and highest numbers of miles walked?

lowest: _____ highest: _____

3. If 126 people participated in the walkathon, how many people walked 7–10 miles? _____

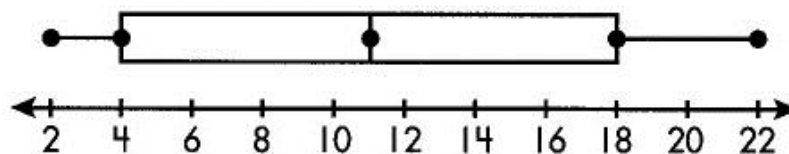
4. What percentage of the people walked more than 10 miles? _____

Miles Walked in Walk-a-Thon



5. What is the median number of books read? _____
6. What is the upper quartile? _____
7. What percentage of the people who responded to the survey read 4 or fewer books?
8. What is the most number of books anyone read?
9. If 82 people responded to this survey, how many read from 4 to 18 books?

Books Read Over the Summer



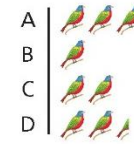
Key Idea

Data Display

Pictograph

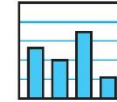
What does it do?

shows data using pictures



Bar Graph

shows data in specific categories

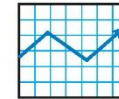
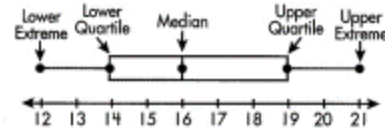


Circle Graph

A **box-and-whisker** plot displays data along a number line. Quartiles are used to divide the data into four equal parts. Each quartile is 25% of the number of items. The upper and lower quartiles, representing 50% of the data, form the box. The upper extreme (highest value) and lower extreme (lowest value) form the whiskers.



Line Graph



Histogram

This box-and-whisker plot represents the following data:

12, 13, 14, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 19, 21

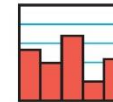
Upper Extreme: 21

Lower Extreme: 12

Middle Quartile (median): 16

Upper Quartile (median of upper half): 19

Lower Quartile (median of lower half): 14



Stem-and-Leaf Plot

1	0 2 3 6
2	1 1 5
3	9
4	0 6

Box-and-Whisker Plot



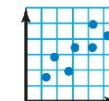
Dot Plot

shows the number of times each value occurs in a data set



Scatter Plot

shows the relationship between two data sets by using ordered pairs in a coordinate plane



Example 1

Choose an appropriate data display for the situation. Explain your reasoning.

- a.** the number of students in a marching band each year

- b.** a comparison of people's shoe sizes and their heights

On Your Own

Choose an appropriate data display for the situation. Explain your reasoning.

1. the population of the United States divided into age groups
2. the percents of students in your school who play basketball, football, soccer, or lacrosse

- - - -

Example 2

You record the number of hits for your school's new website for 5 months. Tell whether the data display is appropriate for representing how the number of hits changed during the 5 months. Explain your reasoning.

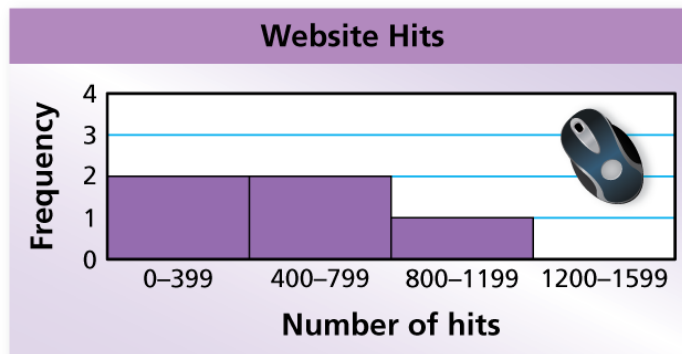


Month	Hits
August	250
September	320
October	485
November	650
December	925

a.



b.



Example 2

Cont.

c.



On Your Own

Tell whether the data display is appropriate for representing the data in Example 2. Explain your reasoning.

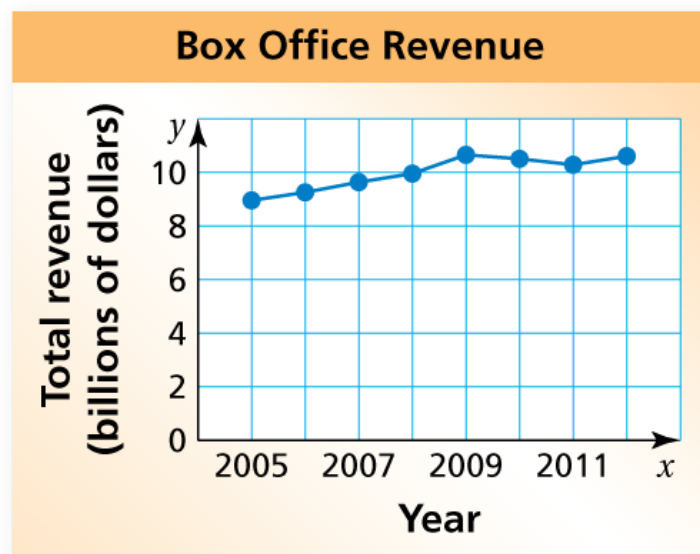
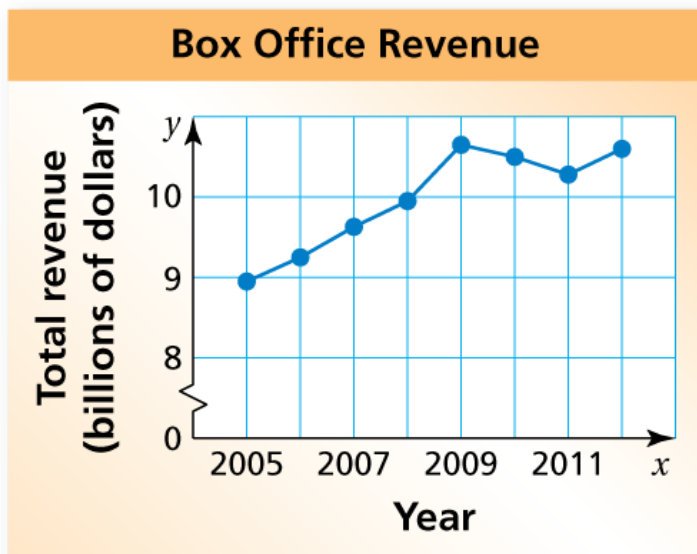
3. dot plot

4. circle graph

5. stem-and-leaf plot

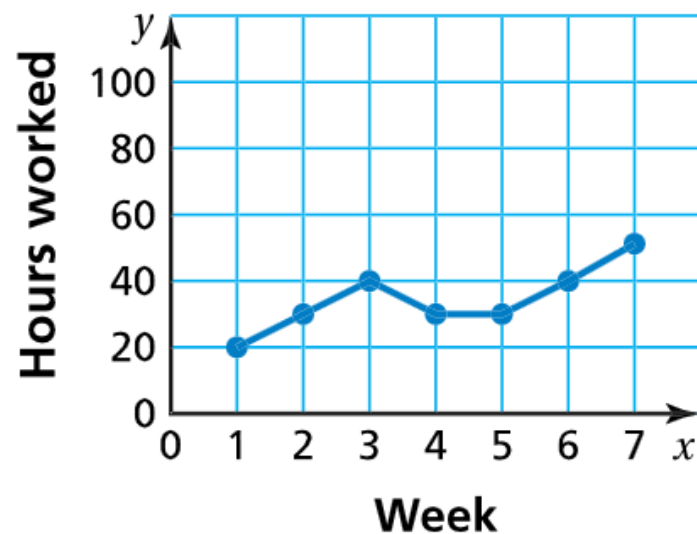
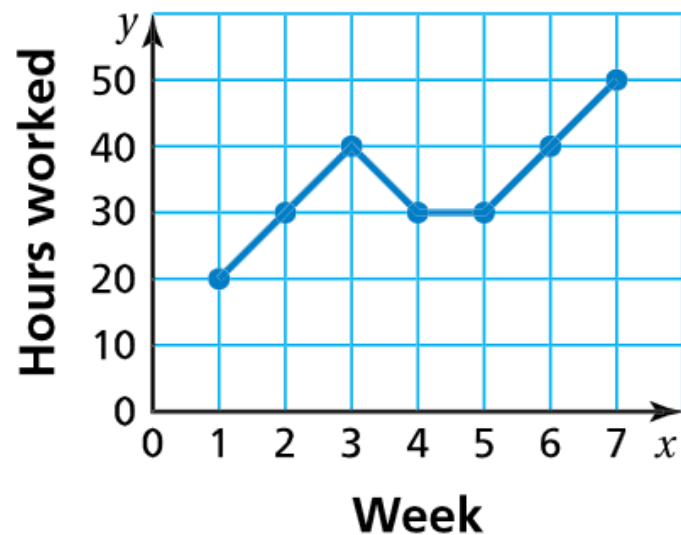
Example 3

Which line graph is misleading? Explain.

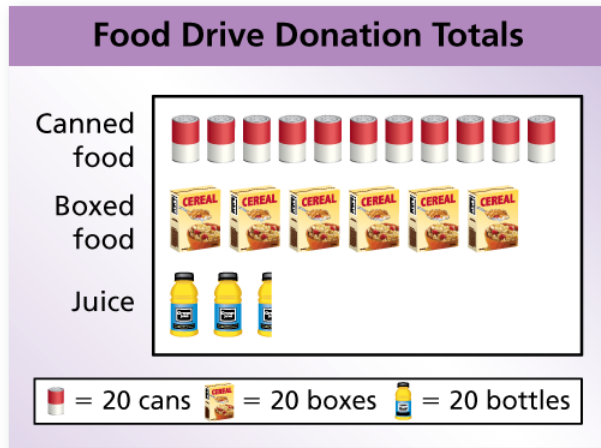


On Your Own

Which line graph is misleading? Explain.



Example 4



A volunteer concludes that the numbers of cans of food and boxes of food donated were about the same. Is this conclusion accurate? Explain.

On Your Own

Explain why the data display is misleading.

Favorite Pets

