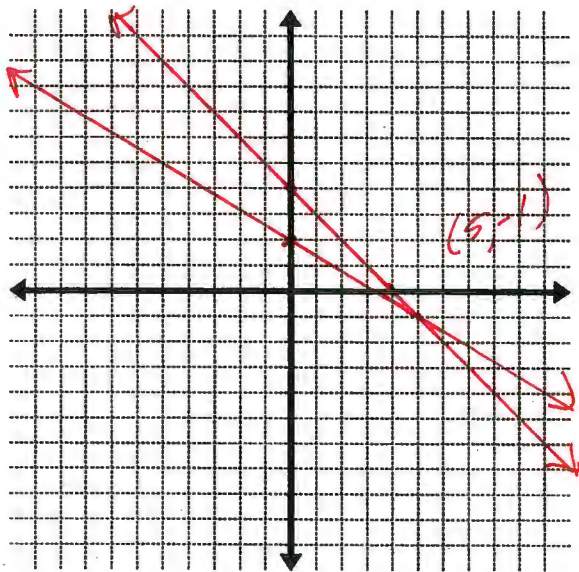


5.1-5.3 Review – Solving Linear Systems

Solve the systems of equations by graphing. Check you solution afterwards.

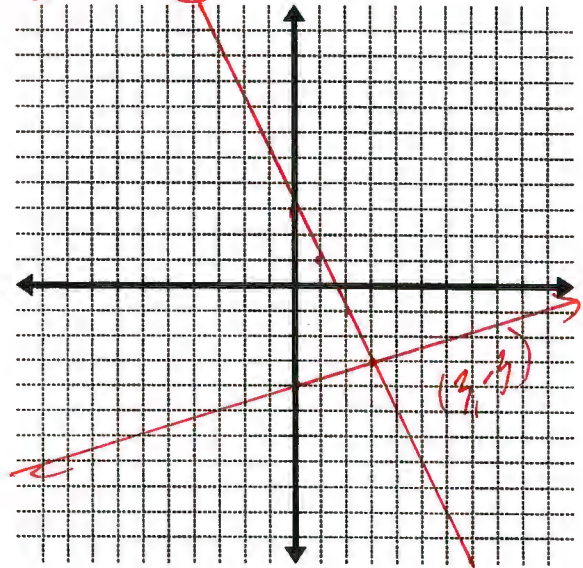
1) $y = -x + 4$
 $y = -\frac{3}{5}x + 2$



Check:

2) $2x + y = 3$
 $3y = x - 12$

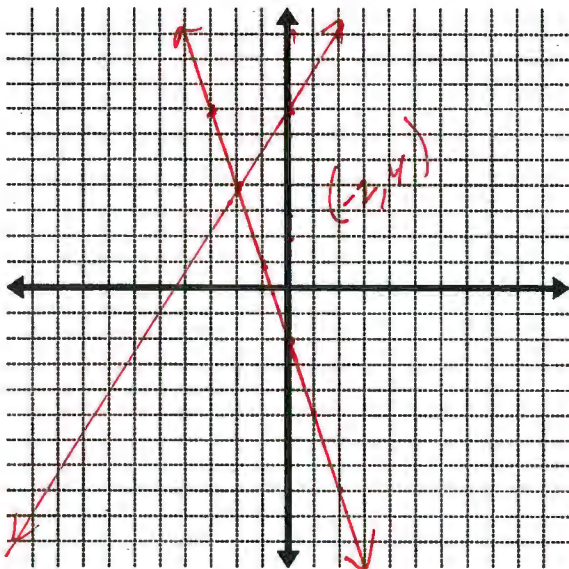
Handwritten work shows the equations rewritten as:
 $y = -2x + 3$
 $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 4$



Check:

3) $y + 3x = -2$
 $2y - 3x = 14$

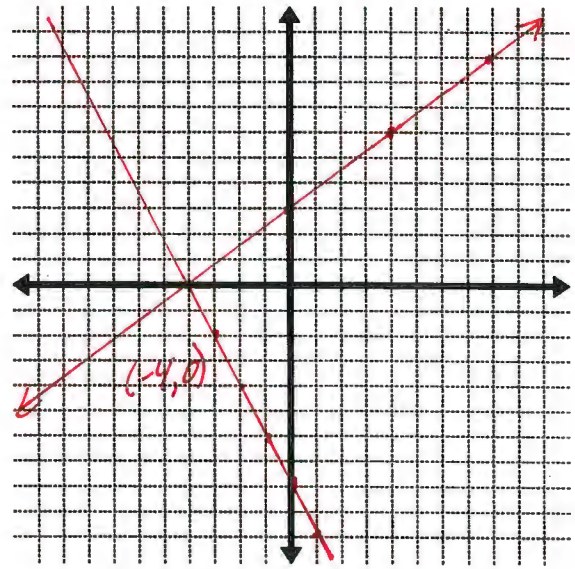
Handwritten work shows the equations rewritten as:
 $y = -3x - 2$
 $y = \frac{3}{2}x + 7$



Check:

4) $4y - 3x = 12$
 $y + 2x = -8$

Handwritten work shows the equations rewritten as:
 $y = \frac{3}{4}x + 3$
 $y = -2x - 8$



Check:

Solve the systems of equations by substitution. Check your solution afterwards.

5) $y = 2x$
 $x + 3y = 14$

$$x + 3(2x) = 14$$

$$x + 6x = 14$$

$$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{14}{7}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 4$$

$$(2, 4)$$

6) $x = y - 3$
 $5x + 3y = 1$

$$5(y - 3) + 3y = 1$$

$$5y - 15 + 3y = 1$$

$$8y - 15 = 1$$
$$+15 +15$$

$$\frac{8y}{8} = \frac{16}{8}$$

$$y = 2$$

$$x = -1$$

$$(-1, 2)$$

7) $x - 2y = 6$ $\rightarrow x = 2y + 6$
 $2x + y = 7$

$$2(2y + 6) + y = 7$$

$$4y + 12 + y = 7$$

$$5y + 12 = 7$$
$$-12 -12$$

$$\frac{5y}{5} = \frac{-5}{5}$$

$$y = -1$$

$$x = 4$$

$$(4, -1)$$

8) $7x + 5y = 2$

$$x - y = 2 \rightarrow x = y + 2$$

$$7(y + 2) + 5y = 2$$

$$7y + 14 + 5y = 2$$

$$12y + 14 = 2$$
$$-14 -14$$

$$\frac{12y}{12} = \frac{-12}{12}$$

$$y = -1$$

$$x = 1$$

$$(1, -1)$$

Solve the systems of equations by elimination. Check you solution afterwards.

9) $-2x + 3y = 17$

$2x + y = 3$

$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{20}{4}$

$y = 5$

$2x + 5 = 3$
 $-5 \quad -5$

$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-2}{2}$

$x = -1$

$(-1, 5)$

10) $7x + y = -2$

$-7x + 3y = 8$

$\frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-10}{-2}$

$y = 5$

$7x + 5 = -2$
 $-5 \quad -5$

$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{-7}{7}$

$x = -1$

$(-1, 5)$

11) $7x + 6y = 2$

$2(2x - 3y = 10)$

~~$14x + 12y = 4$~~
 ~~$4x - 6y = 20$~~

$7x + 6y = 2$

$4x - 6y = 20$

$\frac{11x}{11} = \frac{22}{11}$

$x = 2$

$7(2) + 6y = 2$

$14 + 6y = 2$
 $-14 \quad -14$

$\frac{6y}{6} = \frac{-12}{6}$

$y = -2$

$(2, -2)$

12) $9x - 2y = 15$

$2(4x + 3y = -5)$

$27x - 6y = 45$

$8x + 6y = -10$

$\frac{35x}{35} = \frac{35}{35}$

$x = 1$

$9(1) - 2y = 15$

$9 - 2y = 15$
 $-9 \quad -9$

$\frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{6}{-2}$

$y = -3$

$(1, -3)$

- 13) The price of 2 pears and 6 apples is \$14. The price of 3 pears and 9 apples is \$21. Can you determine the unit prices for pears and apples? Explain.

p = price of an ~~apple~~ pear

a = price of an apple

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3(2p + 6a = 14) & \rightarrow & 6p + 18a = 42 \\ -2(3p + 9a = 21) & & -6p - 18a = -42 \\ \hline & & 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

No. Everything cancels out.

- 14) A bouquet of lilies and tulips has 12 flowers. Lilies cost \$3 each, and tulips cost \$2 each. The bouquet costs \$32. Write and solve a system of linear equations to find the number of lilies and tulips in the bouquet.

~~#~~ x = # of Lilies
 y = # of Tulips

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -2(x + y = 12) & \rightarrow & -2x - 2y = -24 \\ 3x + 2y = 32 & & 3x + 2y = 32 \\ \hline & & x = \del{4} 8 \\ & & y = \del{4} 4 \end{array}$$

8 Lilies
4 Tulips