

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

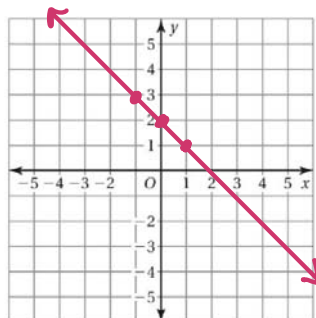
Period: \_\_\_\_\_

## 4.1 – Graphing Linear Equations

Graph the equations by using an input/output table with at least 3 ordered pair solutions.

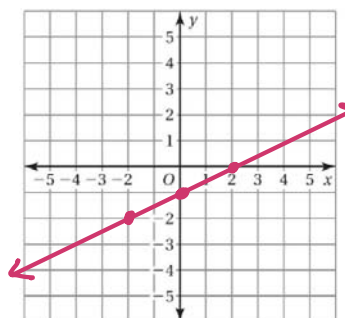
1)  $y = -x + 2$

|   |    |   |   |
|---|----|---|---|
| x | -1 | 0 | 1 |
| y | 3  | 2 | 1 |



2)  $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$

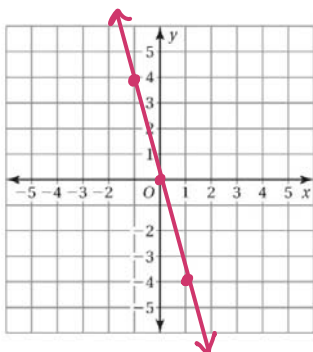
|    |                       |    |
|----|-----------------------|----|
| x  | $\frac{1}{2}x - 1$    | y  |
| -2 | $\frac{1}{2}(-2) - 1$ | -2 |
| 0  | $\frac{1}{2}(0) - 1$  | -1 |
| 2  | $\frac{1}{2}(2) - 1$  | 0  |



Graph the equations by using an input/output table with at least 3 ordered pair solutions.

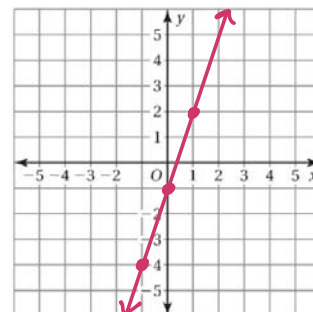
3)  $y = -4x$

|    |    |
|----|----|
| x  | y  |
| -1 | 4  |
| 0  | 0  |
| 1  | -4 |



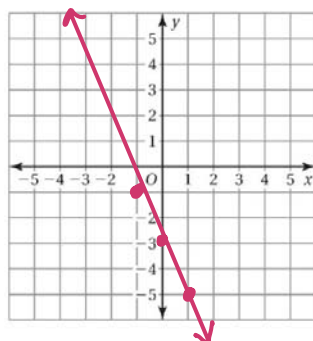
4)  $y = 3x - 1$

|    |    |
|----|----|
| x  | y  |
| -1 | -4 |
| 0  | -1 |
| 1  | 2  |



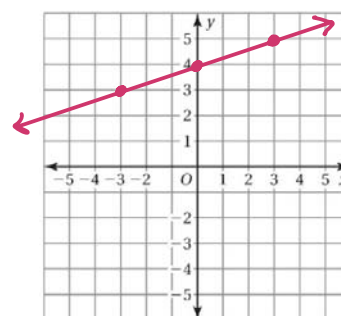
5)  $y = -2x - 3$

|    |    |
|----|----|
| x  | y  |
| -1 | -1 |
| 0  | -3 |
| 1  | -5 |



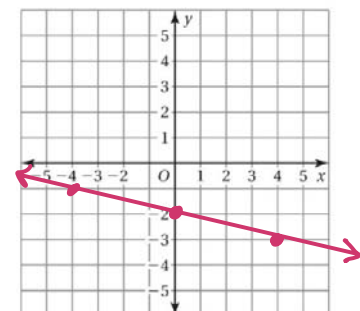
6)  $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 4$

|    |   |
|----|---|
| x  | y |
| -3 | 3 |
| 0  | 4 |
| 3  | 5 |



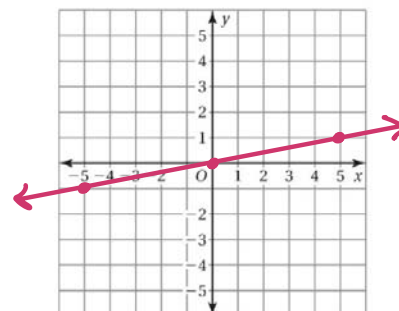
7)  $y = -\frac{1}{4}x - 2$

|    |    |
|----|----|
| x  | y  |
| -4 | -1 |
| 0  | -2 |
| 4  | -3 |



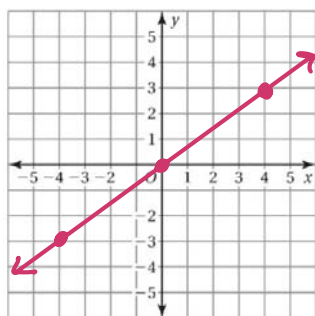
8)  $y = \frac{1}{5}x$

|    |    |
|----|----|
| x  | y  |
| -5 | -1 |
| 0  | 0  |
| 5  | 1  |



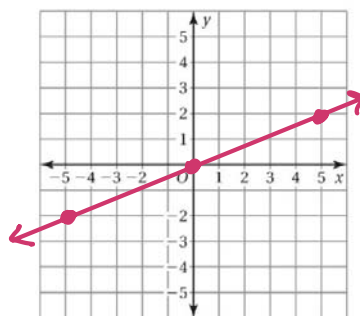
9)  $y = \frac{3}{4}x$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x & y \\ \hline -4 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 \end{array}$$



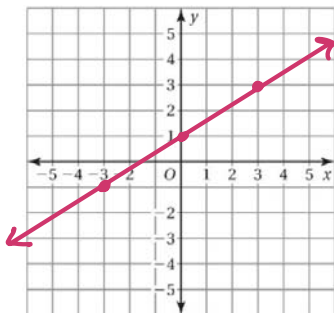
10)  $y = \frac{2}{5}x$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x & y \\ \hline -5 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 \end{array}$$



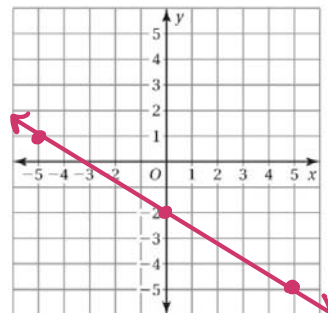
11)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x & y \\ \hline -3 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 3 \end{array}$$



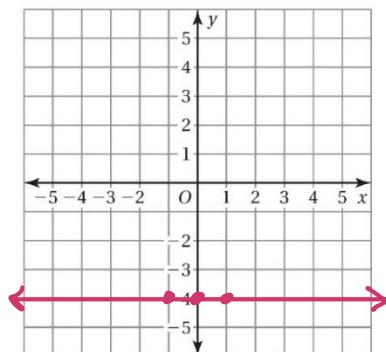
12)  $y = -\frac{3}{5}x - 2$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x & y \\ \hline -5 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \\ 5 & -5 \end{array}$$



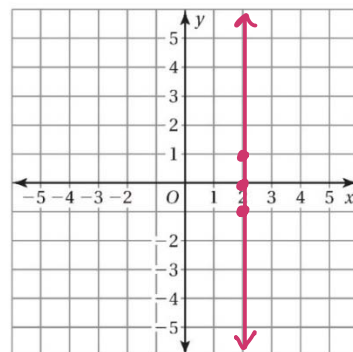
13)  $y = -4$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x & y \\ \hline -1 & -4 \\ 0 & -4 \\ 1 & -4 \end{array}$$



14)  $x = 2$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x & y \\ \hline 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{array}$$



Solve (isolate) for y.

15)  $2x + y = 7$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline y = -2x + 7 \end{array}$$

16)  $-8x + y = 10$

$$\begin{array}{r} +8x \quad +8x \\ \hline y = 8x + 10 \end{array}$$

17)  $4x + 2y = 8$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4x \quad -4x \\ \hline 2y = -4x + 8 \\ \hline y = -2x + 4 \end{array}$$

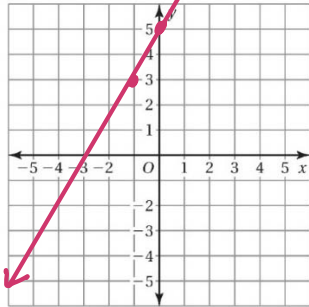
18)  $-6x - 2y = 16$

$$\begin{array}{r} +6x \quad +6x \\ \hline -2y = 6x + 16 \\ \hline y = -3x - 8 \end{array}$$

Solve (isolate) for  $y$ . Then graph the equation.

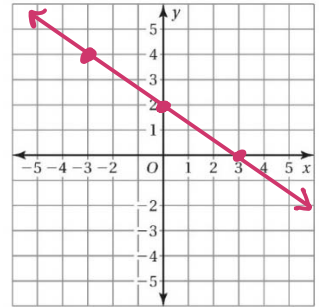
19)  $y - 2x = 5$   
 $+2x \quad +2x$   
 $y = 2x + 5$

| $x$ | $y$ |
|-----|-----|
| -1  | 3   |
| 0   | 5   |
| 1   | 7   |



20)  $2x + 3y = 6$   
 $-2x \quad -2x$   
 $\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-2x+6}{3}$   
 $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 2$

| $x$ | $y$ |
|-----|-----|
| -3  | 4   |
| 0   | 2   |
| 3   | 0   |



- 9) The equation  $y = \frac{1}{2}x$  represents the cost  $y$  (in dollars) for  $x$  pounds of bananas.

a) Graph the equation.

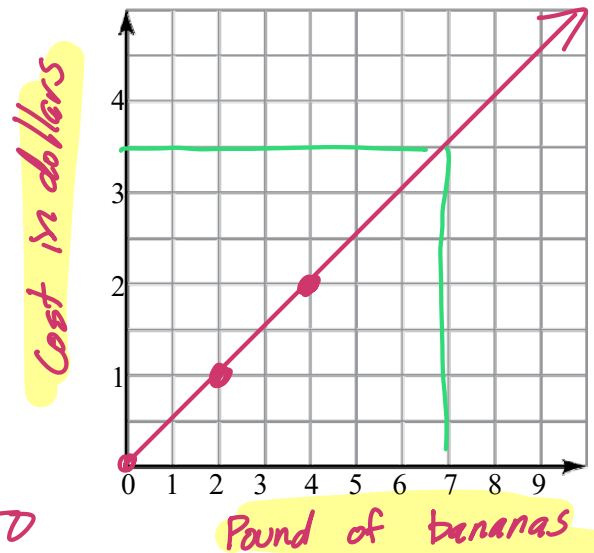
| $x$ | $y$ |
|-----|-----|
| 0   | 0   |
| 2   | 1   |
| 4   | 2   |

- b) Use the graph to estimate the cost of 7 pounds of bananas.

$\$3.50$

- c) Use the equation to find the exact cost of 7 pounds of bananas.

$y = \frac{1}{2}(7)$   
 $y = 3.5 = \$3.50$



- 10) The equation  $y = 2.5x + 35$  represents the cost  $y$  (in dollars) of the family meal when the food costs \$35 and  $x$  beverages are purchased.

a) Graph the equation.

$y = 2.5x + 35$   
 $y = \frac{5}{2}x + 35$

| $x$ | $y$ |
|-----|-----|
| 0   | 35  |
| 2   | 40  |
| 4   | 45  |

- b) Use the graph to estimate the cost of the family meal when 5 beverages are purchased.

$\$47.50$

- c) Use the equation to find the exact cost of the family meal when 5 beverages are purchased.

$y = 2.5(5) + 35$   
 $y = 12.50 + 35 = \$47.50$

