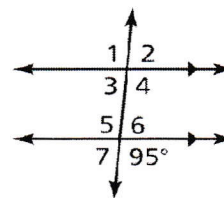


Review 3.1-3.2

Part I: Parallel Lines and Transversals.

Use the figure to find the measure of the angle. Explain your reasoning.

1. $\angle 6 = 85^\circ$, because of supplementary angles



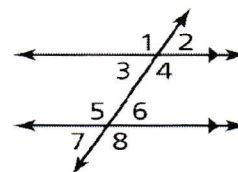
2. $\angle 5 = 95^\circ$, because they are vertical angles and are congruent.

3. $\angle 3 = 85^\circ$, because it is an alternate interior angle with $\angle 6$, and therefore, they are congruent.

4. $\angle 2 = 85^\circ$, because it is a corresponding angle with $\angle 6$, and therefore, they are congruent.

Find the missing angle measure.

5. If the measure of $\angle 3 = 46^\circ$, then the measure of $\angle 6 = 46^\circ$.



6. If the measure of $\angle 1 = 102^\circ$, then the measure of $\angle 8 = 102^\circ$.

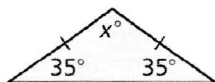
7. If the measure of $\angle 4 = 98^\circ$, then the measure of $\angle 7 = 82^\circ$.

8. If the measure of $\angle 6 = 59^\circ$, then the measure of $\angle 4 = 121^\circ$.

Part II: Angles of Triangles.

Find the measures of the interior angles. Show algebraic work.

9.



$$x + 35 + 35 = 180$$

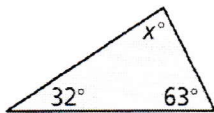
$$x + 70 = 180$$

$$-70 \quad -70$$

$$x = 110^\circ$$

$35^\circ, 35^\circ, 110^\circ$

10.



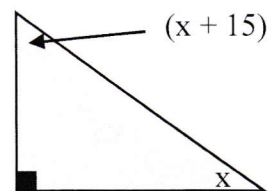
$$x + 32 + 63 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 95 = 180 \\ -95 \quad -95 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x = 85^\circ}$$

$$\boxed{32^\circ, 63^\circ, 85^\circ}$$

11. Find the value of the missing interior angle measures. Show algebraic work.



$$x + (x + 15) + 90 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 105 = 180 \\ -105 \quad -105 \end{array}$$

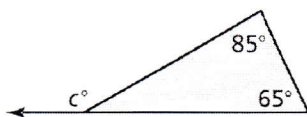
$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{75}{2}$$

$$x = 37.5^\circ$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} x = 37.5^\circ \\ x + 15 = 52.5^\circ \end{array}}$$

Find the measure of the exterior angle. Show algebraic work.

12.

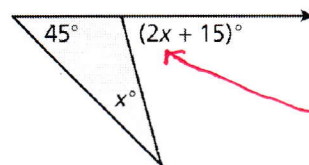


$$85 + 65 = c$$

$$150^\circ = c$$

$$c = \underline{150^\circ}$$

13.



$$\begin{array}{r} 45 + x = 2x + 15 \\ -x \quad -x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 45 = x + 15 \\ -15 \quad -15 \end{array}$$

$$30 = x$$

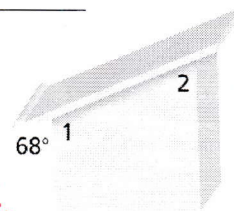
$$(2x + 15) = \underline{75^\circ}$$

Part III: Problem Solving.

14. A lectern has four vertical sides and a slanted top. Find the measures of $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$. Explain your reasoning.

$\angle 1 = 112^\circ$, because *it is supplementary to 68°*

$\angle 2 = 68^\circ$, because *it is a corresponding angle with 68° and therefore congruent.*



15. A ladder leaning against a wall forms a triangle and exterior angles with the wall and the ground. What are the measures of exterior angles y and z ? Use an equation to justify or prove your answer.

Work space:

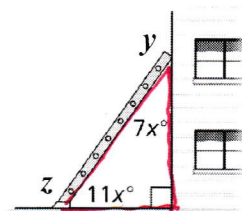
$$\begin{aligned} 7x + 11x + 90 &= 180 \\ 18x + 90 &= 180 \\ -90 &-90 \\ 18x &= 90 \\ \frac{18x}{18} &= \frac{90}{18} \\ x &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$y = 145^\circ$

Work space:

$$\begin{aligned} y + 35 &= 180 \\ -35 &-35 \\ y &= 145^\circ \\ z + 55 &= 180 \\ -55 &-55 \\ z &= 125^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$z = 125^\circ$



Focus on the triangle.

