## 123-125 #5-8, 10-11, 13, 16, 19, 21, 24, 25, 28

- **5.** 1260°
- **6.** 900°
- **7.** 360°
- **8.** 1080°
- **10.** The right side of the formula is (n 1)
  - 2) 180°, not n 180°.
  - $S = (n 2) \cdot 180^{\circ}$  $= (13 - 2) \cdot 180^{\circ}$ 
    - $= (13 2) \cdot 10$ = 11 • 180°
    - $= 11 \cdot 100$
    - $= 1980^{\circ}$
- **11.** no; The interior angle measures given add up to 535°, but the sum of the interior angle measures of a pentagon is 540°.
- **13.** 90°, 135°, 135°, 135°, 135°, 90°
- **16.** 60°
- 19. The sum of the interior angle measures should have been divided by the number of angles, 20. 3240° ÷ 20 = 162°; The measure of each interior angle is 162°.
- **21.** 24 sides
- **24.** 54°, 74°, 78°, 55°, 99°
- **25.**  $60^{\circ}$ ; The sum of the interior angle measures of a hexagon is 720°. Because it is regular, each angle has the same measure. So, each interior angle is  $720^{\circ} \div 6 = 120^{\circ}$  and each exterior angle is  $60^{\circ}$ .
- **28.** 125°, 125°, 55°, 55°