1.0

OPERATIONS WITH POSTIVE AND NEGATIVE NUMBERS

Adding Integers without a number line

$$-3 + -5 =$$

$$-1 + -3 =$$

$$-6 + -2 =$$

$$-9+-14=$$

$$-12 + -8 =$$

SAME SIGN

- •Ignore the signs
- Add numbers
- Put sign back

Adding Integers without a number line

$$-3 + 5 =$$

$$-1 + 6 =$$

$$-5 + 9 =$$

$$5 + -7 =$$

$$8 + -6 =$$

$$14 + -18 =$$

DIFFERENT SIGNS

- Ignore the signs
- Subtract
- Put sign back of number that "looks" the biggest

Example 1

Find the sum of the following:

a)
$$-5.3+(-4.9)$$

$$b) -12.2 + 19.3$$

Practice

Find the sum of the following:

3)
$$-9+(-3.4)$$

4)
$$0.25 + (-5.9)$$

Examples Find the sum of the following:

5)
$$3\frac{3}{8} + \left(-5\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

DIFFERENT SIGNS

- Ignore the signs
- Subtract
- Put sign back of number that "looks" the biggest

Subtraction is the same as adding the opposite

- 1. Change the minus sign to addition
- 2. Change the second number into the opposite
- 3. Do the problem like a regular addition problem

$$5 - 7$$

$$-3 - 6$$

$$3 - (-7)$$

$$-5 - (-9)$$

Examples

Simplify the following:

$$a) -7 - (-5)$$

$$b) -2-6$$

$$c)$$
 64 – (-13)

$$d) 17-29$$

Examples

Simplify the following:

$$e) -3.59 - (-50) =$$

$$f) 18.2 - 56.7 =$$

Examples

Simplify the following:

$$g)\frac{7}{3}-\frac{11}{3}$$

$$h) - \frac{4}{9} - \frac{5}{12}$$

RULES FOR MULTIPLYING INTEGERS

Multiply numbers like regular multiplication... however...

POSITIVE X POSITIVE = POSITIVE
POSITIVE X NEGATIVE = NEGATIVE
NEGATIVE X POSITIVE = NEGATIVE
NEGATIVE x NEGATIVE = POSITIVE

1)
$$2 \times -3$$

3)
$$-3 \times -7$$

2)
$$-5 \times 4$$

4)
$$-8 \times 3$$

5) -6×-5

6) 12×-4

7) -1×-15

8) $3 \times -2 \times -4$

9) $-5 \times -8 \times -2$

PRACTICE

$$10) -2(3.5)(-4)$$

11)
$$\frac{1}{4}(-12)(3)$$

Reciprocals

WHERE DOES THE NEGATIVE GO?

$$-\frac{1}{6}$$

$$=\frac{-1}{6} = \frac{1}{-6}$$

Reciprocals

ANOTHER NAME IS THE MULTIPLICATIVE INVERSE

FIND THE RECIPROCALS OF THE FOLLOWING:

1)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$

3)
$$2\frac{3}{4}$$

4)
$$-1\frac{2}{3}$$

RULES FOR DIVIDING INTEGERS

Divide numbers like regular division... however...

1)
$$8 \div -4$$

3)
$$-21 \div -7$$

$$2) - 20 \div 4$$

4)
$$-36 \div 3$$

EXAMPLES

$$a) -16 \div 4$$

b)
$$18 \div (-3)$$

EXAMPLES

$$(c)$$
 $-20 \div \left(-\frac{5}{3}\right)$

$$(d) -16 \div \frac{8}{3}$$