

**1.0**

# **ADDING POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE NUMBERS**

# Adding Integers without a number line

$$-3 + -5 =$$

$$-1 + -3 =$$

$$-6 + -2 =$$

$$-9 + -14 =$$

$$-12 + -8 =$$

## SAME SIGN

- Ignore the signs
- Add numbers
- Put sign back

# Adding Integers without a number line

$$-3 + 5 =$$

$$-1 + 6 =$$

$$-5 + 9 =$$

$$5 + -7 =$$

$$8 + -6 =$$

$$14 + -18 =$$

## DIFFERENT SIGNS

- Ignore the signs
- Subtract
- Put sign back of number that “looks” the biggest

# **Example 1**

Find the sum of the following:

$$a) \quad -5.3 + (-4.9)$$

$$b) \quad -12.2 + 19.3$$

# **Practice**

Find the sum of the following:

1)  $-12.6 + 7.3$

2)  $-8.4 + (-0.7)$

# **Practice**

Find the sum of the following:

$$3) \quad -9 + (-3.4)$$

$$4) \quad 0.25 + (-5.9)$$

# **Practice**

Find the sum of the following:

$$5) \quad -8 + (-4.6) + 19.5$$

# Examples

Find the sum of the following:

## SAME SIGN

- Ignore the signs
- Add numbers
- Put sign back

$$a) \quad -3\frac{1}{2} + \left(-5\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

# Examples

Find the sum of the following:

$$b) \ 3\frac{2}{3} + \left(-5\frac{3}{8}\right)$$

## DIFFERENT SIGNS

- Ignore the signs
- Subtract
- Put sign back of number that “looks” the biggest

# Examples

Find the sum of the following:

$$c) \quad -12\frac{3}{5} + 8\frac{1}{6}$$

## DIFFERENT SIGNS

- Ignore the signs
- Subtract
- Put sign back of number that "looks" the biggest