

Unit 1

**Review
(Day 2)**

11.2 & 11.3 Adding Integers

Add.

$$1) \ -16 + (-11) =$$

SAME SIGN

- Ignore the signs
- Add numbers
- Put sign back

DIFFERENT SIGNS

- Ignore the signs
- Subtract
- Put sign back of number that “looks” the biggest

$$2) \ -15 + 21 =$$

$$4) \ -32 + (-24) + 19 =$$

$$3) \ 100 + (-76) =$$

11.2 & 11.3 Adding Integers

Additive Inverse

$$5) -9 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 0$$

$$6) \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 7 = 0$$

$$7) 15 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 0$$

Another name for the additive inverse is the _____.

Rule for Subtracting Integers

To subtract integers, add the opposite!

Keep, Change, Change!

$$1) \ 8 - 18 =$$

$$3) \ -18 - 7 =$$

$$2) \ -16 - (-5) =$$

$$4) \ -12 - (-27) =$$

Rule for Subtracting Integers

To subtract integers, add the opposite!

Keep, Change, Change!

$$5) \ -6 - (-10) + (-13) =$$

$$6) \ -14 - 7 - (-24) =$$

11.4 – Multiplying Integers

Multiply numbers like regular multiplication...
however...

POSITIVE X POSITIVE = POSITIVE

POSITIVE X NEGATIVE = NEGATIVE

NEGATIVE X POSITIVE = NEGATIVE

NEGATIVE X NEGATIVE = POSITIVE

$$1) -8 \cdot 6$$

$$3) -3 \cdot (-6)$$

$$2) 10(-7)$$

$$4) (-12)(5)$$

11.5 – Multiplying Integers

Divide numbers like regular division... however...

POSITIVE ÷ POSITIVE = POSITIVE
POSITIVE ÷ NEGATIVE = NEGATIVE
NEGATIVE ÷ POSITIVE = NEGATIVE
NEGATIVE ÷ NEGATIVE = POSITIVE

$$1) -18 \div 9$$

$$3) \frac{-30}{6}$$

$$2) \frac{-42}{-6}$$

$$4) 84 \div (-7)$$

Evaluating with negative numbers

Evaluate when $x = 3$, $y = -4$, and $z = -6$

$$5) \frac{xy}{z}$$

$$6) \frac{z - 2x}{y}$$

Finding the Mean

Find the mean of the integers.

$$7) \quad -3, -8, 12, -15, 9$$