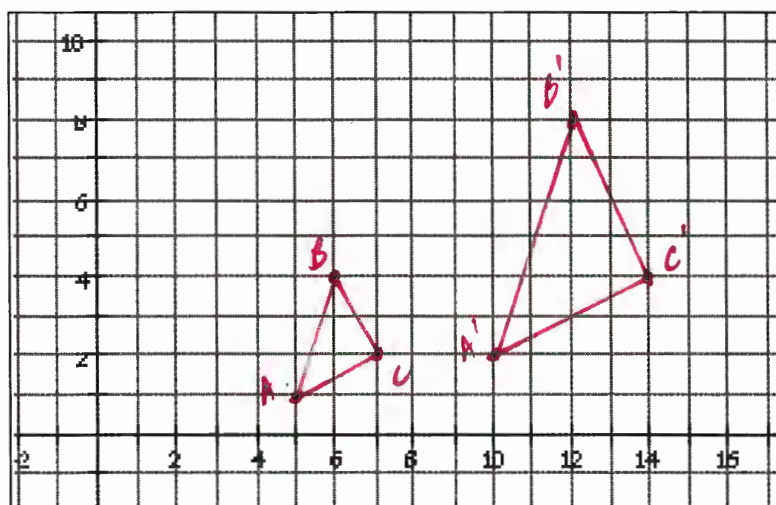


## 9.6 – Dilations

In this assignment, you need to use the sketch located in Edmodo or in your email named: “*DilationsD2*”. Make sure you pay very close attention to the directions and questions. Remember to stay on task on this assignment.

### Investigation 1 – Dilation – Scale Factor of 2

- 1) Draw the  $\triangle ABC$  on the coordinate plane. Write the coordinates of the pre-image (original) below



A( 5 , 1 ), B( 6 , 4 ), C( 7 , 2 )  
 $\downarrow$                        $\downarrow$                        $\downarrow$   
 A'( 10 , 2 ), B'( 12 , 8 ), C'( 14 , 4 )

What do you believe is the connection between SCALE FACTOR and the coordinates of the image?

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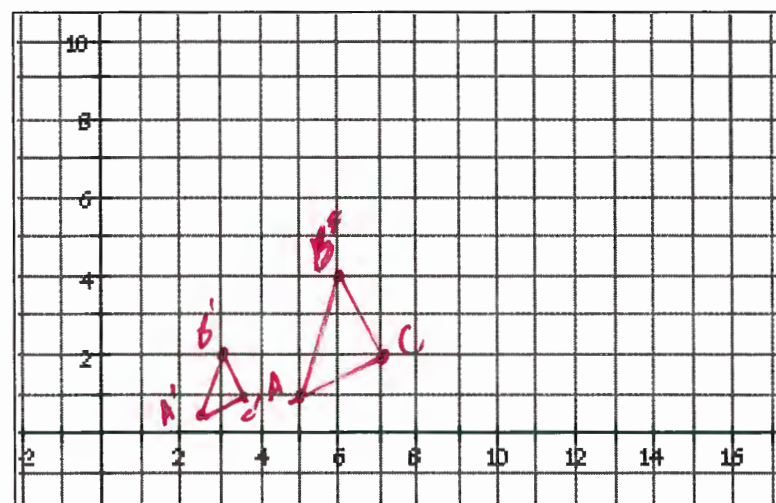
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- 2) Press the button “*Show Dilation – Scale Factor 2*”. Draw the new triangle  $\triangle A'B'C'$  on the coordinate plane. Write the coordinates of the image (new shape) above.
- 3) Complete the box to the above right. Afterwards, press the button “*Hide Dilation – Scale Factor 2*”.

### Investigation 2 – Dilation – Scale Factor of .5

- 4) Draw the  $\triangle ABC$  on the coordinate plane. Write the coordinates of the pre-image (original) below



A( 5 , 1 ), B( 6 , 4 ), C( 7 , 2 )  
 $\downarrow$                        $\downarrow$                        $\downarrow$   
 A'( 2.5 , .5 ), B'( 3 , 2 ), C'( 3.5 , 1 )

What do you believe is the connection between SCALE FACTOR and the coordinates of the image?

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- 5) Press the button "**Show Dilation – Scale Factor .5**". Draw the new triangle  $\triangle A'B'C'$  on the coordinate plane. Write the coordinates of the image (new shape) above.
- 6) Complete the box to the above right. Afterwards, press the button "**Hide Dilation – Scale Factor .5**".

**Predicting coordinates using scale factor**

- 7) If the coordinates of  $\triangle ABC$  were  $A(5, 1)$ ,  $B(6, 4)$ , &  $C(7, 2)$ ,
- a) What would you predict would be the coordinates of the image  $\triangle A'B'C'$  if you dilated it "in the origin" by a scale factor of 3?

$A'(15, 3)$ ,  $B'(18, 12)$ ,  $C'(21, 6)$

- b) Is the dilation an enlargement or reduction?

Enlargement

- 8) If the coordinates of a  $\triangle DEF$  were  $D(6, 5)$ ,  $E(12, 10)$ , &  $F(4, 9)$ ,
- a) What would you predict would be the coordinates of the image  $\triangle D'E'F'$  if you dilated it "in the origin" by a scale factor of  $\frac{1}{2}$ ?

$D'(3, 2.5)$ ,  $E'(6, 5)$ ,  $F'(2, 4.5)$

- b) Is the dilation an enlargement or reduction?

Reduction

**What about those dilation lines and the origin?**

On the sketch "**DilationsD2**", show all the dilated shapes. Afterwards, press the button "Show Dilation Lines".

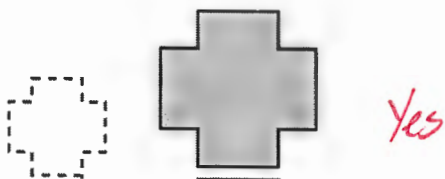
- 9) What do you believe is the purpose of the dilation lines? What is their relation to the original and the images?

- 10) Where do all of the lines of dilation cross?

The center of dilation is the origin

Tell whether the dashed figure is a dilation of the solid figure.

11)



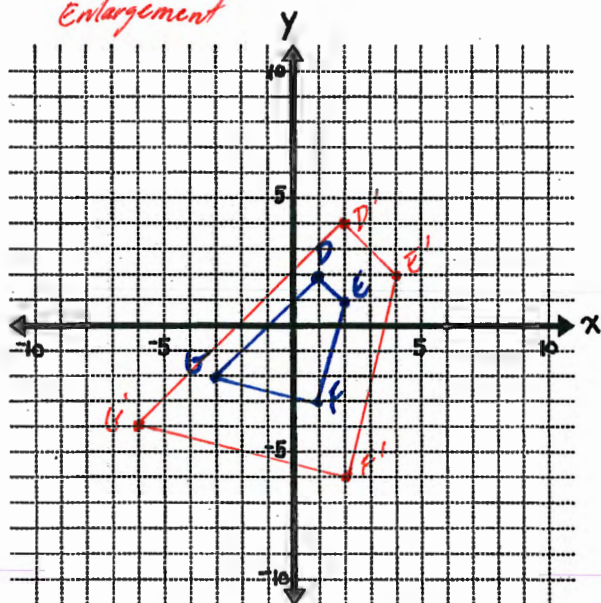
12)



The vertices of a figure are given. Draw the figure above AND its image after a dilation with the given scale factor of  $k$ . **Identify** the type of dilation.

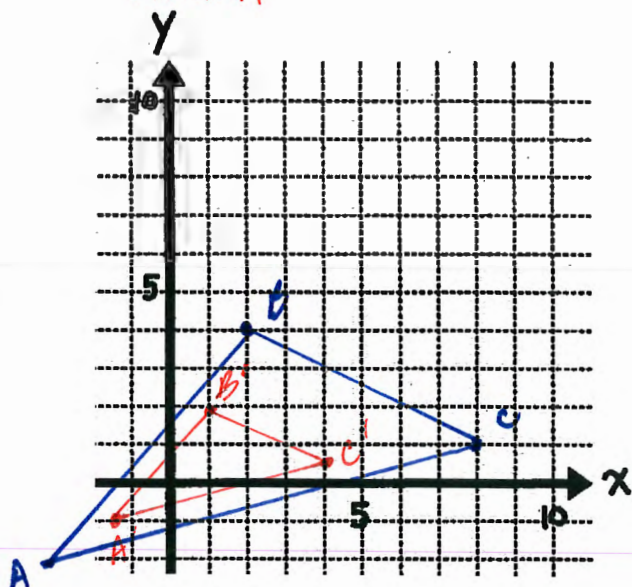
13)  $D(1, 2), E(2, 1), F(1, -3), G(-3, -2); k = 3$

*Enlargement*



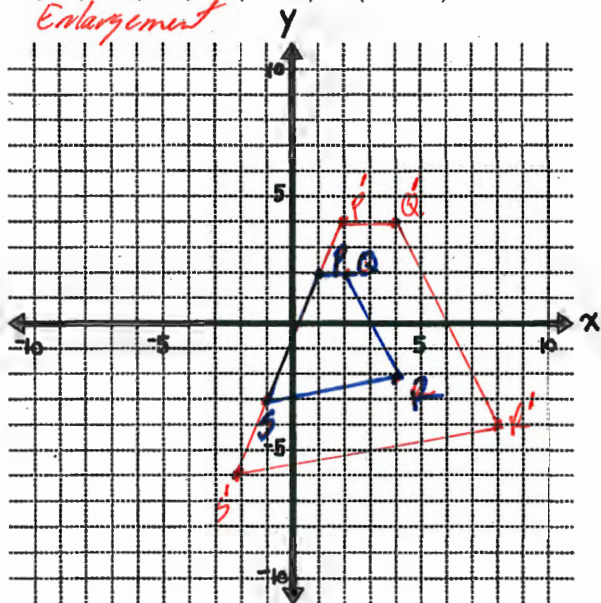
14)  $A(-3, -2), B(2, 4), C(8, 1); k = \frac{1}{2}$

*Reduction*



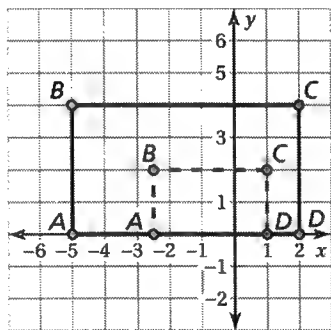
15)  $P(1, 2), Q(2, 2), R(4, -2), S(-1, -3); k = 2$

*Enlargement*



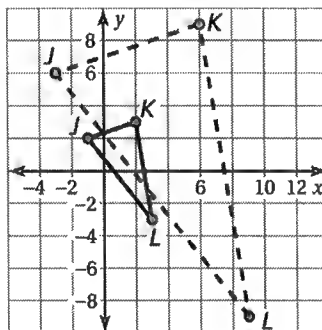
The dashed figure is a dilation of the solid figure. Identify the type of dilation and find the scale factor.

16)



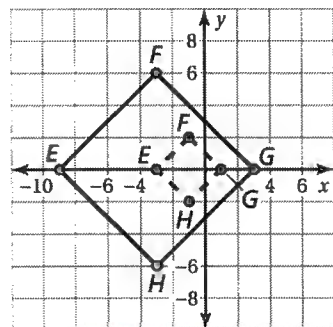
Reduction  
Scale factor =  $\frac{1}{2}$

17)



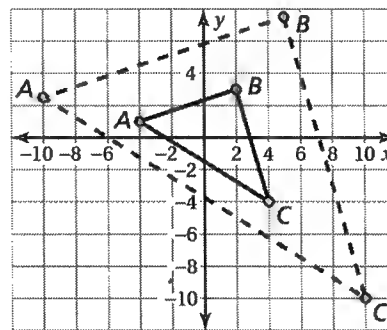
Enlargement  
Scale factor = 3

18)



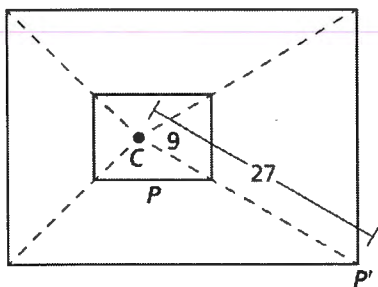
Reduction  
Scale factor =  $\frac{1}{3}$

19)



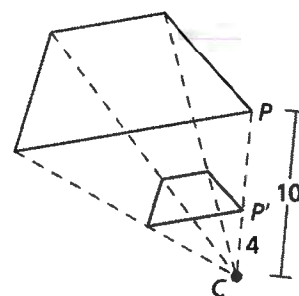
Enlargement  
Scale factor =  $2\frac{1}{2}$

20)



Enlargement  
Scale factor = 3

21)



Reduction  
Scale factor =  $\frac{2}{5}$