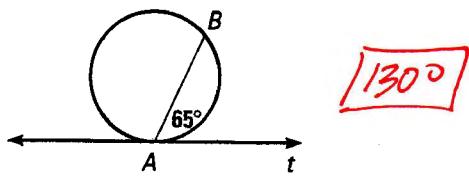


# 12.5 - Angles of Chords, Secants, and Tangents

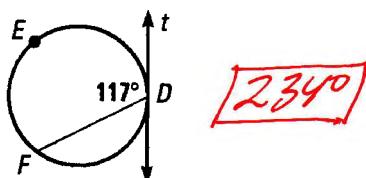
If  $t$  is the tangent to the circle, find the missing value.

1)  $m\widehat{AB}$



$$\boxed{130^\circ}$$

2)  $m\widehat{DEF}$



$$\boxed{234^\circ}$$

Find the missing degree value.

- 3)
- $78 = \frac{1}{2}(95+y)$   
 $\boxed{161^\circ = y}$
- 4)
- $30 = \frac{1}{2}(a-44)$   
 $\boxed{104^\circ = a}$

- 5)
- $x = \frac{1}{2}(85+145)$   
 $\boxed{x = 115^\circ}$

- 6)
- $57.5 = \frac{1}{2}(x+45)$   
 $\boxed{70^\circ = x}$

- 7)
- $180-x = \frac{1}{2}(2x-30+30)$   
 $180-x = \frac{1}{2}(2x)$   
 $180-x = x$   
 $180 = 2x$   
 $\boxed{90^\circ = x}$

- 8)
- $x = \frac{1}{2}(247-113)$   
 $\boxed{x = 67^\circ}$

- 9)
- $29^\circ = \frac{1}{2}(114-x)$   
 $\boxed{56}$

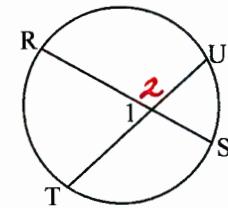
- 10)
- $34 = \frac{1}{2}[3x-2-(x+6)]$   
 $34 = \frac{1}{2}(3x-2-x-6)$   
 $34 = \frac{1}{2}(2x-8)$   
 $\boxed{38^\circ = x}$

Find the missing length value.

11) If  $m\widehat{RT} = 80^\circ$  and  $m\widehat{US} = 40^\circ$ , then  $m\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 60^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

If  $m\widehat{RU} = 130^\circ$  and  $m\widehat{TS} = 100^\circ$ , then  $m\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 65^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$\begin{aligned} m\angle 2 &= \frac{1}{2}(130 + 100) \\ m\angle 2 &= 115^\circ \end{aligned}$$

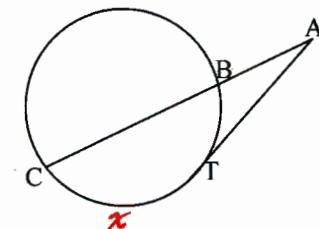


12)  $\overline{AT}$  is a tangent.

If  $m\widehat{CT} = 110^\circ$  and  $m\widehat{BT} = 50^\circ$ , then  $m\angle A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 30^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

If  $m\angle A = 28^\circ$  and  $m\widehat{BT} = 46^\circ$ , then  $m\widehat{CT} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 102^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$\begin{aligned} m\widehat{CT} &\text{ is } 28 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 46) \\ 102^\circ &= x \end{aligned}$$

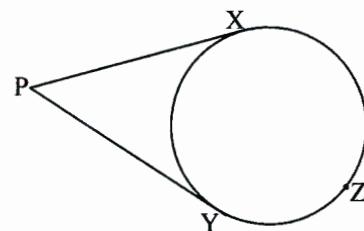


13)  $\overline{PX}$  and  $\overline{PY}$  are tangents.

If  $m\widehat{XZY} = 250^\circ$ , then  $m\angle P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 70^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

If  $m\widehat{XY} = 90^\circ$ , then  $m\angle P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 90^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$m\angle P = \frac{1}{2}(270 - 90)$$



14)  $\overrightarrow{BZ}$  is tangent to circle  $O$ ;  $\overline{AC}$  is a diameter;  $m\widehat{BC} = 90^\circ$ ;  $m\widehat{CD} = 30^\circ$ , and  $m\widehat{DE} = 20^\circ$ .

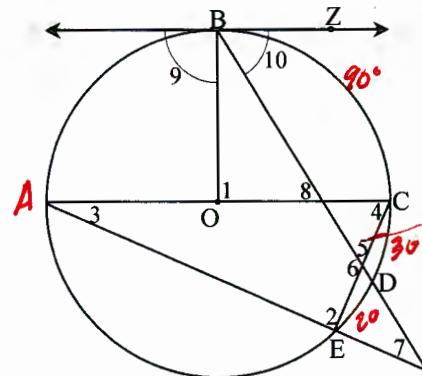
$$m\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 90^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad m\angle 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 125^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 90^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad m\angle 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 35^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 75^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad m\angle 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 60^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 65^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad m\angle 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 90^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 55^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad m\angle 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 60^\circ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



$$\begin{aligned} m\angle 5 &= \frac{1}{2}(20 + 90) & m\angle 7 &= \frac{1}{2}(90 - 20) \\ m\angle 5 &= 55^\circ & m\angle 7 &= 35^\circ \end{aligned}$$