Date

1.2 – Measuring Segments



13. Points A, Q, and O are collinear. AO = 10, AQ = 15, and OQ = 5. What must be true about their positions on the line?

Use the figure at the right. (Show all algebraic work!)



14. Given: ST = x + 3 and TU = 4x - 6.

a. What is the value of *ST*?

b. What is the value of *SU*?

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15. On a number line, suppose point *E* has a coordinate of 3, EG = 6, and EX = 12. Does point *G* have to be the midpoint of \overline{EX} ? What are possible coordinates for *G* and *X*? (Show work.)

On a number line, the coordinates of *P*, *Q*, *R*, and *S* are -12, -5, 0, and 7, respectively.

16. Draw a sketch of this number line. Use this sketch to answer #17-20.

- 17. Which line segment is the shortest? _____ 19. Which line segments are congruent? _____
- 18. Which line segment is the longest? _____ 20. What is the coordinate of the midpoint of \overline{PR} ?
- 21. You plan to drive north from city A to town B and then continue north to city C. The distance between city A and town B is 39 mi, and the distance between town B and city C is 99 mi.
 - a. Assuming you follow a straight driving path, after how many miles of driving will you reach the midpoint between city A and city C?
 - b. If you drive an average of 46 mi/h, how long will it take you to drive from city A to city C?

22. Point *O* lies between points *M* and *P* on a line. OM = 34z and OP = 36z - 7. If point *N* is the midpoint of \overline{MP} , what algebraic equation can you use to find *MN*?

Use the diagram at the right for #23-24.

23. If DC = 6x and DA = 4x + 18, find the value of x. Then find AD, DC, and AC.



24. If EB = 4y - 12 and ED = y + 17, find the value of y. Then find ED, DB, and EB.

25. Is it possible that PQ + QR < PR? Explain.

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