Name

Date

1.1 – Points, Lines, and Planes – Part 2

Use the figure for #1-2 to do the following.



- 1) Name three collinear points.
- 2) Are points *R*, *N*, *M*, and *X* coplanar?

Use the figure for #3-7. Name the intersection of each pair of planes or lines.

- 3) Planes ABP and BCD 4) Planes *BCD* and *BCQ*
- 5) \overrightarrow{RQ} and \overrightarrow{RO} 6) \overrightarrow{OP} and \overrightarrow{QP}
- 7) planes *ADR* and *DCQ*



Use the figure for #8-16. Name the intersection of each pair of planes or lines.



- 13) What is another name for line *t*?
- 15) Are points *F*, *M*, *G*, and *P* coplanar? Explain.

- 8) Name the lines that are only in plane Q.
- 9) How many planes are labeled in the figure?
- 10) Name the plane containing the lines m and t.
- 11) Name the intersection of lines *m* and *t*.
- 12) Name a point that is not coplanar with points A, B, and C.
- 14) Name the points not contained in a line shown.
- 16) Does line n intersect line q? Explain.

Use the figure for #3-7. Name the intersection of each pair of planes or lines.

- 17) Name two collinear points.
- 18) How many planes appear in the figure?
- 19) In what line do planes A and QRV intersect?
- 20) Do plane A and plane MNP intersect? Explain.
- 21) Are points *T*, *S*, *R*, *Q*, and *V* coplanar? Explain.



22) Are points T, S, R, Q, and W coplanar? Explain.

Draw a figure to fit each description

- 23) Draw a figure of two planes that intersect in \overleftarrow{ST} .
- 24) Two rays \overrightarrow{MR} and \overrightarrow{MD} that form the exact same ray.

- 25) Line *m* intersects plane *R* at a single point.
- 26) Two planes that do not intersect.

27) Points X and Y lie on \overleftarrow{CD} .

28) Three lines intersect at point *J* but do not all lie in the same plane.