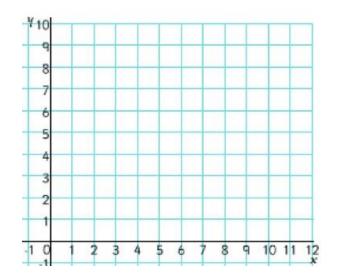


# **Comparing Linear & Nonlinear Functions**

**Do Now** 

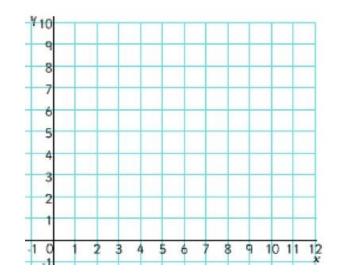
Graph the data in the table. Decide whether the graph is *linear* or *nonlinear*.

1.	x	0	1	2	3
	У	6	4	2	0



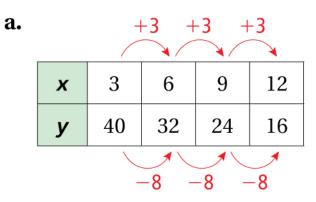
Graph the data in the table. Decide whether the graph is *linear* or *nonlinear*.

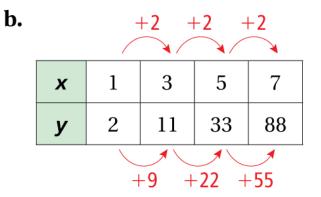
2.	x	0	1	2	3
	У	3	5	8	12





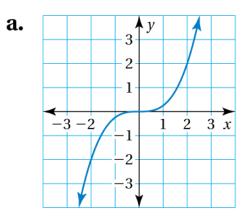
#### Does the table represent a *linear* or *nonlinear* function? Explain.

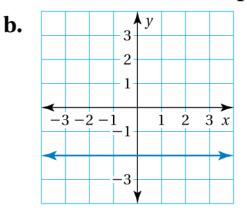






#### Does the graph represent a *linear* or *nonlinear* function? Explain.





# On Your Own

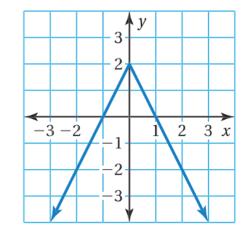
Does the table or graph represent a *linear* or *nonlinear* function? Explain.

2.

1.	x	У
	0	25
	7	20
	14	15
	21	10

x	У
2	8
4	4
6	0
8	-4

3.





### Which equation represents a *nonlinear* function?

(A) 
$$y = 4.7$$
  
(B)  $y = \pi x$   
(C)  $y = \frac{4}{x}$   
(D)  $y = 4(x - 1)$ 



Account A earns simple interest. Account B earns compound interest. The table shows the balances for 5 years. Graph the data and compare the graphs.

Year, t	Account A Balance	Account B Balance
0	\$100	\$100
1	\$110	\$110
2	\$120	\$121
3	\$130	\$133.10
4	\$140	\$146.41
5	\$150	\$161.05

## <u>On Your Own</u>

### Does the equation represent a *linear* or *nonlinear* function? Explain.

**4.** 
$$y = x + 5$$
 **5.**  $y = \frac{4x}{3}$  **6.**  $y = 1 - x^2$ 



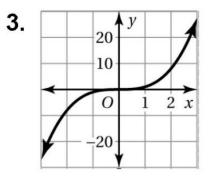
Graph the data in the table. Decide whether the graph is *linear* or *nonlinear*.

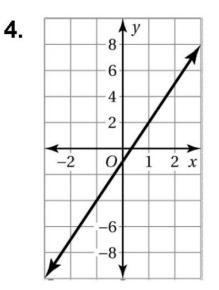
1.	x	0	1	2	3
	У	5	10	15	20

2.	x	1	2	3	4
	У	4	6	9	13



Does the table or graph represent a *linear* or *nonlinear* function? Explain.







5.	x	3	5	7	9
	У	5	3	0	3

6. **x** 4 7 10 13 **y** -2 0 2 4



7. The table shows the area *A* (in square centimeters) of a circle with radius *r* centimeters. Does the table represent a *linear* or *nonlinear* function? Explain.

Radius, <i>r</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Area, A	π	$4\pi$	9π	$16\pi$	$25\pi$	36π	49 <i>π</i>	$64\pi$

### **Practice**

Interpret the slope.

- 8. The table shows the cost y (in dollars) of x ounces of cereal.
  - **a.** What is a missing *y*-value that makes the table represent a nonlinear function?
  - **b.** What is the missing *y*-value that makes the table represent a linear function?
  - c. Write a linear function that represents the cost *y* of *x* ounces of cereal.

Ounces, <i>x</i>	8	12	16
Cost, y	?	2.5	3.5